

# Reading Informational Texts

## TEACHERS' RESOURCE GUIDE

### Essential Questions and Common Core Connections

Research has shown that older students struggle to comprehend informational, or nonfiction, texts due to a lack of exposure from an early age. The Common Core State Standards have increased the amount of informational texts that students will read, write, and consider, starting at a younger age. So what exactly is informational text?

Informational text is defined as text with the purpose of expressing information about the arts, sciences, or social studies. Informational texts include newspaper and magazine articles, online information, nonfiction books, textbooks, and reference materials. All Nomad Press books fall under one or more of the following categories of informational texts: literary nonfiction, expository, persuasive, or procedural.

- **Literary Nonfiction** texts are typically written much more like a story—like a fictional story—with a beginning, middle and end. Texts in this category include letters, speeches, essays, and biographies.
- **Expository** texts explain a specific topic. They often contain a table of contents, an index, or other navigational sections so that readers may read only the portions of the books that interest them.
- **Persuasive** texts provide evidence with the intent of influencing the beliefs or actions of the reader. They often include claims and evidence to support those claims. A persuasive text will attempt to change the reader's mind or opinion.
- **Procedural** texts offer step-by-step guidelines that describe how to complete a task. They usually include drawings and diagrams to illustrate the process.

Nomad Press offers concise resource guides to help educators explore content-related topics with students and encourage them to develop ideas in meaningful ways.

Knowing the purpose of a particular text and being able to identify what they want to learn will help students decide what information and ideas are most important to remember. Thinking about what they already know about a particular subject will enable students to connect new information to this prior knowledge. Previewing the text and identifying text features are crucial techniques for organizing information.

It is our goal that students learn to apply what they've learned to other texts, share their findings, and make inferences based on both new information and prior knowledge. In this way, their world will become both more fascinating and more richly explored.

QUESTIONS TO ASK **BEFORE** READING



QUESTIONS TO ASK **AFTER** READING



QUESTIONS TO ASK **DURING** READING



For an explanation of these Common Core Connections, please visit: